

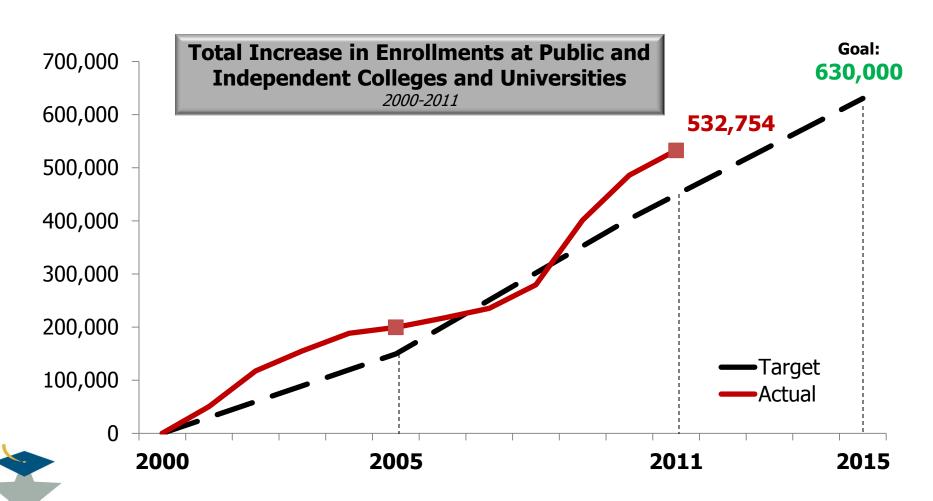
Meeting the *Goals of Closing*the Gaps by 2015 and Planning for the Future

August 23, 2012

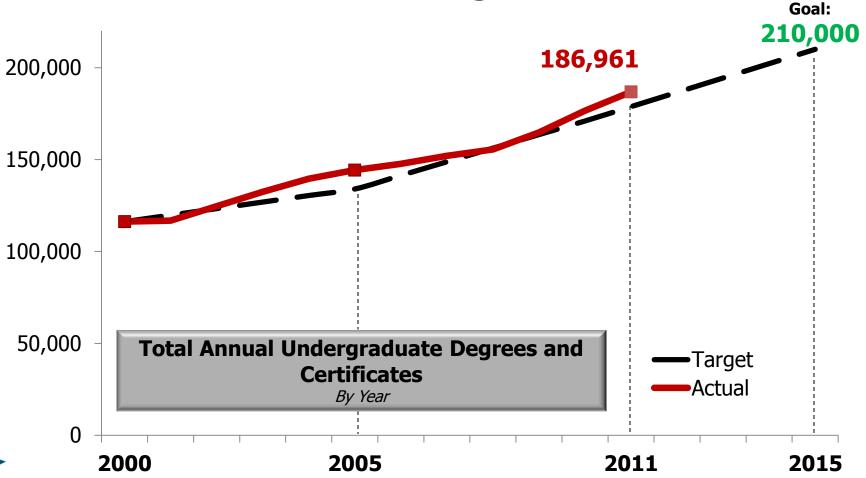
Fred W. Heldenfels IV Chair

Raymund A. Paredes
Commissioner

Texas remains on track to meet statewide **Participation** goal

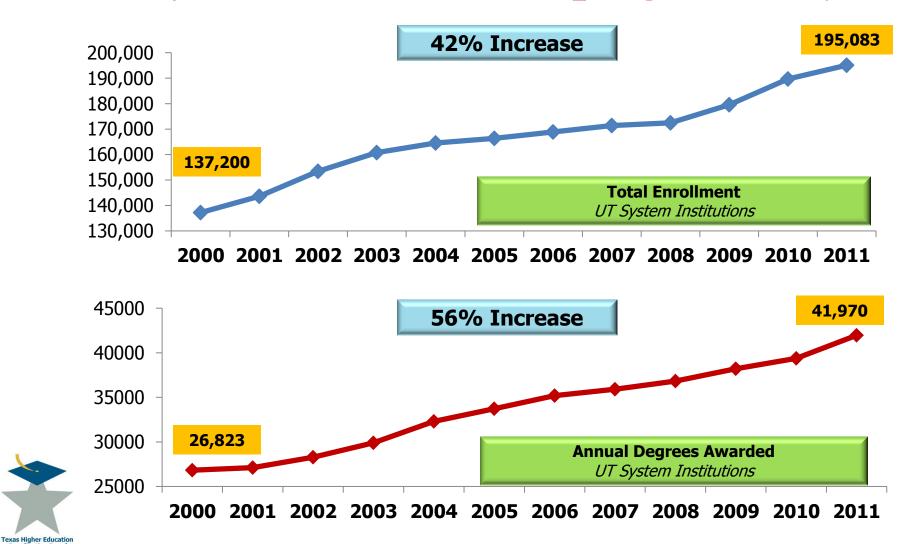


Texas is on track for meeting statewide **Success** goal

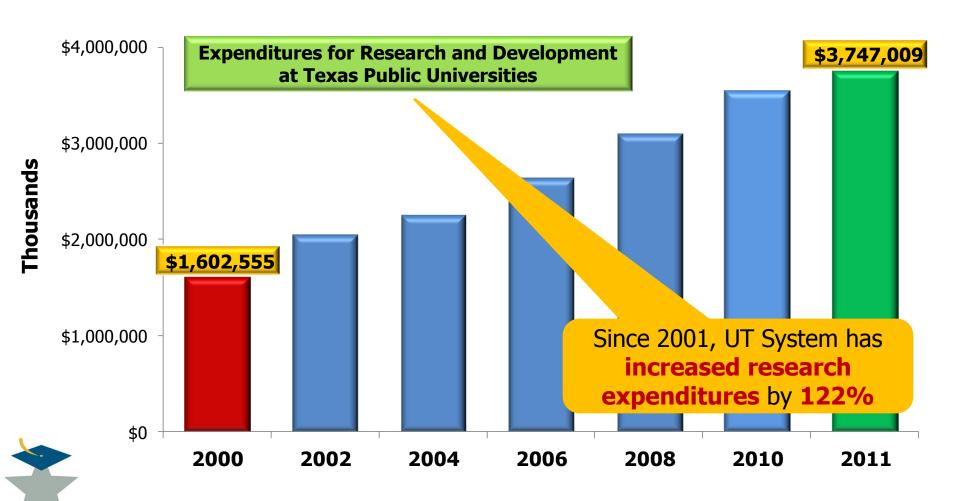




Total enrollments and annual degrees awarded at UT System institutions are **up significantly.**



Expenditures for R&D continue to climb in support of statewide **Research** goal



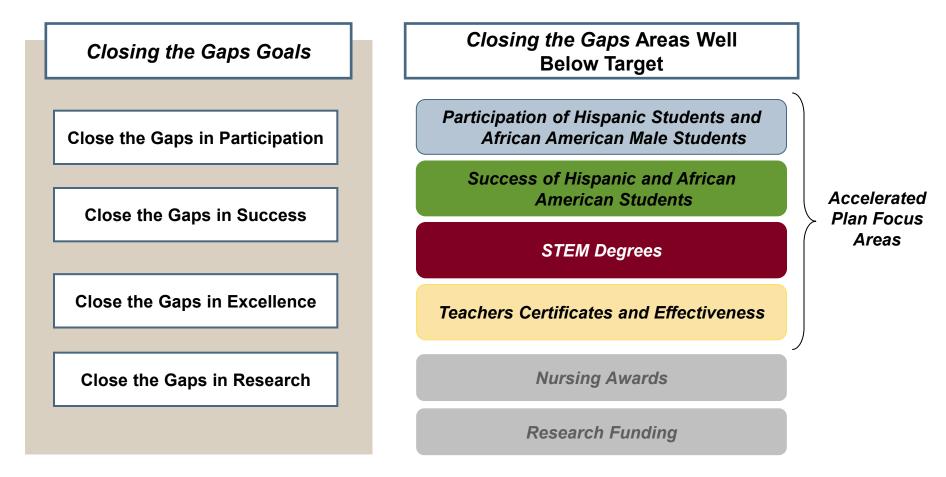
Texas must enable students to graduate more quickly and with fewer credits

| Avg. Time to 4-year Degree | | | |
|----------------------------|-----|--|--|
| UT-Arlington | 5.9 | | |
| UT-Austin | | | |
| UT-Brownsville | 6.3 | | |
| UT-Dallas | | | |
| UT-El Paso | 5.9 | | |
| UT-Pan American | | | |
| UT-Permian Basin | 5.8 | | |
| UT-San Antonio | | | |
| UT-Tyler | 5.6 | | |
| Statewide | 5.3 | | |

| Avg. Credits to 120 Credit Degree | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| UT-Arlington | 154 | | |
| UT-Austin | | | |
| UT-Brownsville | vnsville 152 | | |
| UT-Dallas | | | |
| UT-El Paso | 151 | | |
| UT-Pan American | | | |
| UT-Permian Basin | 152 | | |
| UT-San Antonio | | | |
| UT-Tyler | 149 | | |
| Statewide | 147 | | |



The THECB has heightened its focus on four areas where Texas is well below its 2015 Target



While nursing awards and research funding are also below CTG targets, these areas already have legislative support and momentum.

Hispanic enrollments have improved, but <u>not fast enough</u>

| | 2011 Actual | % Increase over 2000 | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------------|--|
| UT System | 75,859 | 80% | |
| Statewide | 474,724 | 100% | |

% of Hispanic Population Enrolled in Higher Education

Females: 5.6%

Males: 3.8%

Goal: 5.7%

African American enrollments are exceeding goals, but <u>males lag</u>

| | 2011 Actual | % Increase over 2000 | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------------|--|
| UT System | 12,387 | 89% | |
| Statewide | 209,405 | 93% | |

% of African American Population Enrolled in Higher Education

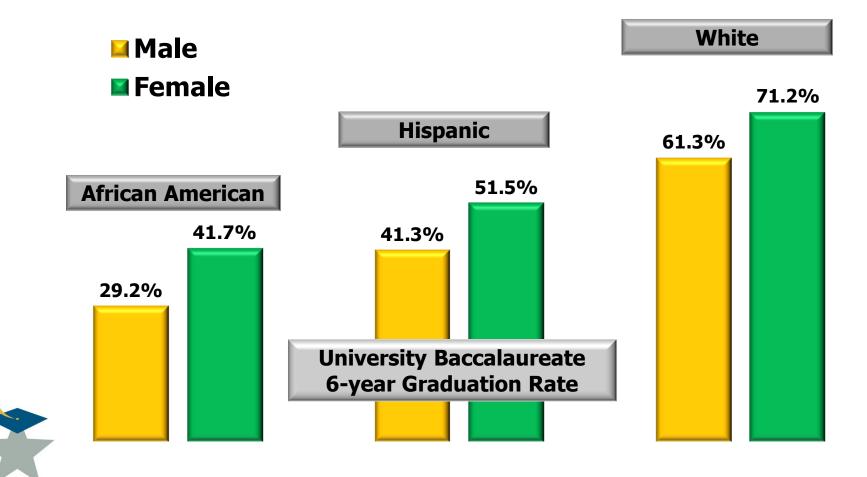
• Females: 8.7%

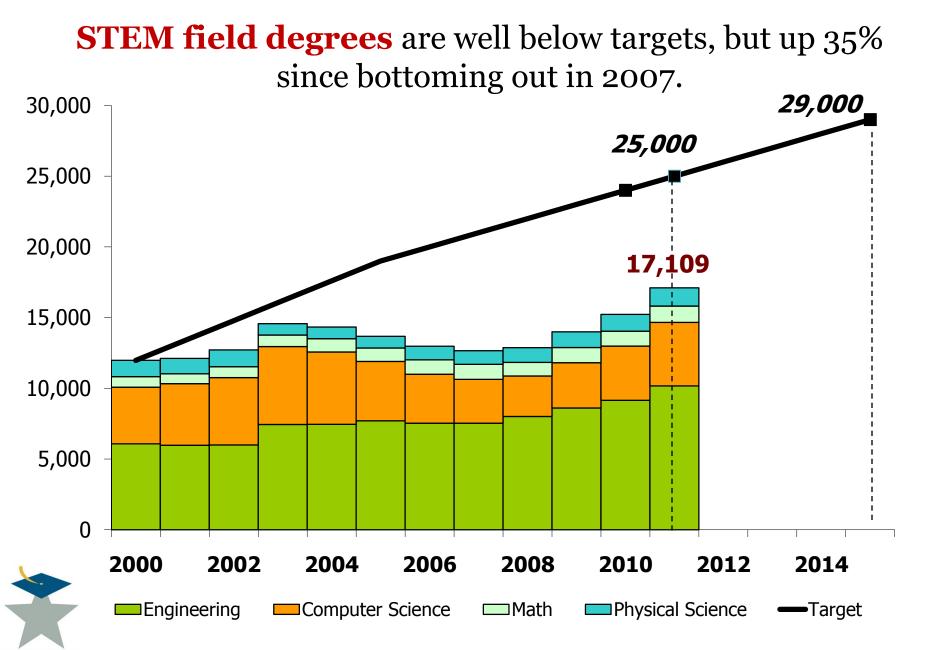
• Males: 5.3%

• Goal: 5.7%

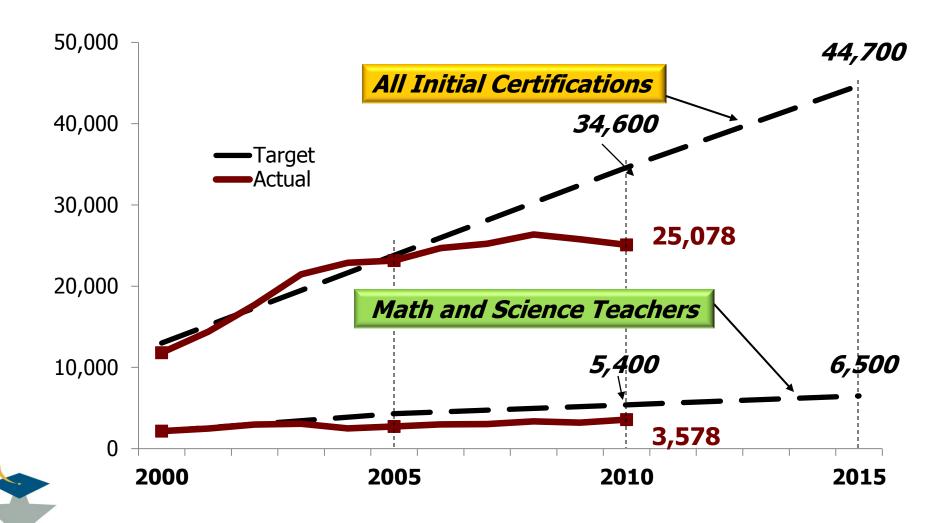


Postsecondary completions for Hispanics and African Americans continue to trail





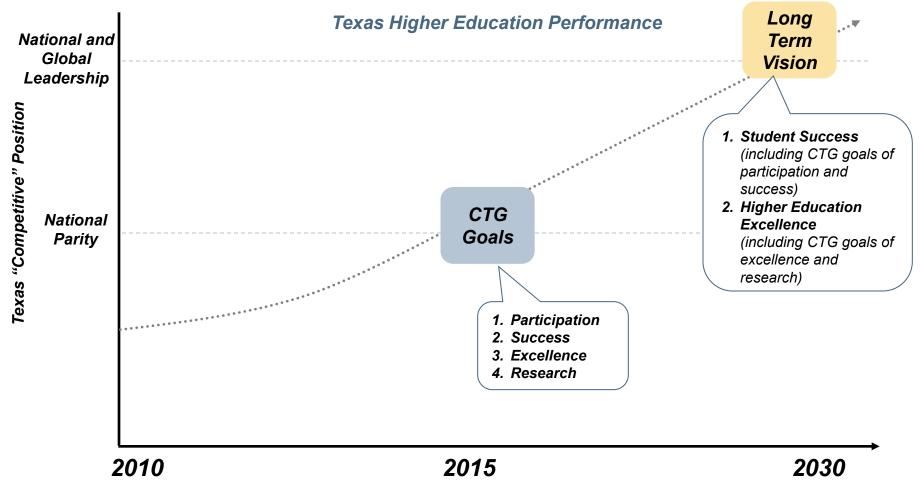
Teacher Education Initial Certificates and Math/Science may reflect job market



Beyond Closing the GapsLong Term Vision for Texas Higher Education



The THECB Created a Plan to Accelerate Progress Towards Closing the Gaps By 2015 and Has Drafted a Statewide Vision For 2030

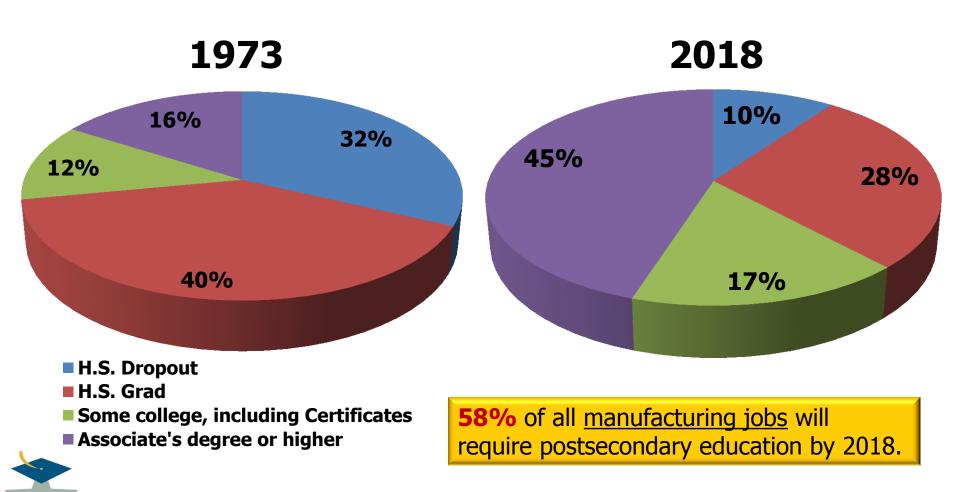


Prior to 2015, the THECB will emphasize to stakeholders that "Achieving the goals of CTG brings Texas to a place of national parity, a milestone along the path to the 2030 vision of national and international leadership"

During this interim before the 83rd Legislative Session, we must explore together new strategies and initiatives to improve productivity, efficiency, and establish a policy framework for becoming a national leader and global competitor.



In 1973, only **28%** of all jobs in the U.S. <u>required some</u> <u>postsecondary education</u> compared to a projected **63%** by 2018.



Source: Georgetown University, *Center on Education and the Workforce;* data in charts rounded.

The United States is projected to have a mismatch between future jobs and workforce skill/education

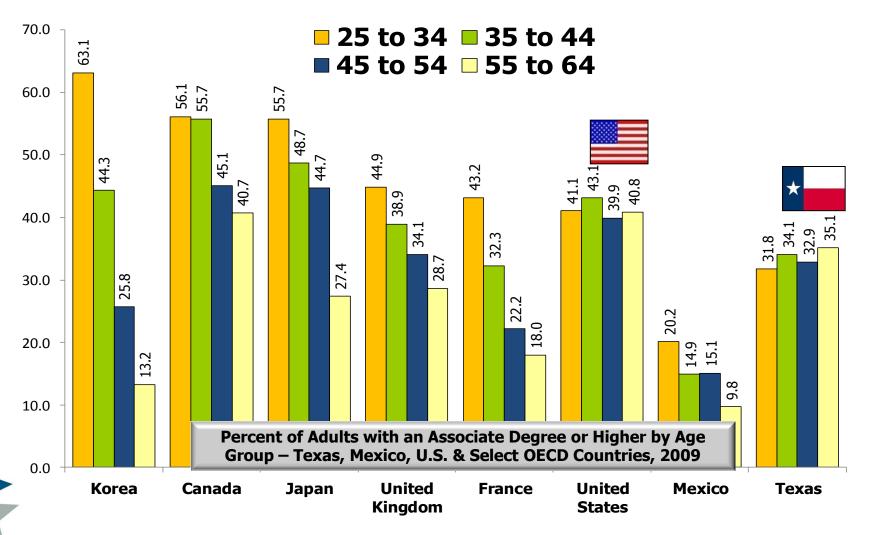
| Demand vs. supply – 2020 projections Millions | | | | Difference |
|--|--------|--|--------|------------|
| No high school diploma | 13.6 | | 19.5 | +5.9 |
| High school graduate | 43.3 | | 44.1 | +0.8 |
| Some college, no degree | 30.7 | | 29.1 | -1.6 |
| Associate degree | 17.7 | | 19.6 | 1.9 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 58.0 | | 56.5 | -1.5 |
| | Demand | | Supply | |

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Mckinsley Global Institute analysis

Source: OECD, Education at a Glance 2011

Texas Higher Education

The result: Texas is quickly falling behind which will hinder the state's global competitiveness.



Key strategies and initiatives

> Expanding Access to Higher Education

- Restructuring Financial Aid
- Low-cost degrees
- Institutionalizing LEAN culture of continuous improvement
- Strengthening Community Colleges
 (Including improving transfer and aligning outcomes with workforce needs)

Sustaining collaboration with P-12

- College Readiness
- Professional Development for Teachers

> Improving higher education outcomes

- Reinventing Developmental Education/ABE
- Outcomes-based Funding for Institutions



Outcomes-Based Funding Recommendation for Universities

- Fund outcomes outside the current formula using 10% of undergraduate funding
- Allocate funds using a 3-year rolling average on seven defined metrics
- Assign a double weight to the Critical Workforce Needs metric
- Implement beginning in Fiscal Year 2014



Outcomes-Based Funding for Universities Metrics for Measuring Student Success

Critical Workforce Needs (Double Weight)

Degrees awarded in fields identified as critical workforce needs.

Total Undergraduate Degrees

Total Bachelor's Degrees awarded at the institution

Persistence

Points awarded for students who complete their 30th, 60th, or 90th hour at the institution

Time-to-Degree

Bachelor's Degrees awarded times the institution's six-year graduation rate

Institutional Mission

Bachelor's Degrees awarded per 100 full time student equivalents (FTSE)

At-Risk Student

Degrees awarded to students who meet federal criteria for being at high risk of dropping out.

Cost-to-Degree

Bachelor's Degrees awarded adjusted for instructional costs

Our vision for the next generation of learners will require "disruptive innovation"

Improving the availability and effectiveness of technology on campus is an **opportunity** for institutions:

- **43%** of students agree their institutions need more technology
- Only 1 in 4 (22%)
 students strongly agree their
 institutions use the technology
 they have effectively.

Texas Affordable Baccalaureate Program



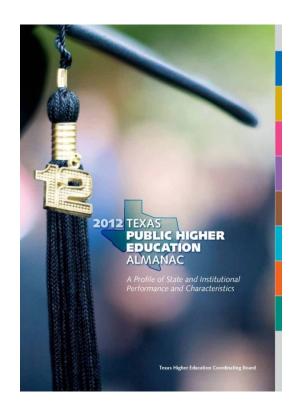








Access to relevant data on higher education performance is critical



U.S. Chamber of Commerce, June 2012: "When it comes to transparency and public

"When it comes to transparency and public accountability...Texas, with its comprehensive accountability system and in-depth web-based almanac of college performance, led the charge."

The **Almanac** includes:

- ❖ National rankings on key measures
- Status of Closing the Gaps
- Highlights of key higher education issues
- Data profiles on every public university and community college



Available online at www.txhighereddata.org
THECB data website: www.txhighereddata.org