CONSTITUTING AND MAKING THE SCHOOL OF MINES AND METALLURGY AT EL PASO A BRANCH OF THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS.

S. B. No. 198.]  Chapter 53.

An Act providing that the School of Mines and Metallurgy established by Chapter 178 Acts of the General Laws of the 33rd Legislature of 1913 located in the City of El Paso, El Paso County, Texas, be and the same is made and constituted a branch of the University of Texas for instruction in the arts of mining and metallurgy; authorizing the University of Texas through its Board of Regents to take over the management and control of said School of Mines and Metallurgy and its properties and requiring the University of Texas do assume and pay off the obligations of said school, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. The School of Mines and Metallurgy, established by Chapter 178 Acts of the General Laws of the 33rd Legislature of 1913, located in the City of El Paso, El Paso County, Texas, be and the same is hereby made and constituted a branch of the University of Texas for instruction in the arts of mining and metallurgy as now provided for by law. The University of Texas through its Board of Regents shall take over the management and control of said School of Mines and Metallurgy and its properties and shall assume and pay off all of its debts and obligations, if any.

Sec. 2. The fact that the School of Mines and Metallurgy located in the City of El Paso, Texas, is now being conducted by the Board of Regents as a separate school, independent of the University of Texas and it being to the interest of the people of Texas that said School should be a part of the University of Texas in fact, creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days be and the same is hereby suspended and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage and it is so enacted.

[Note.—S. B. No. 198 passed the Senate February 24, 1919, by a 2½ vote, yeas 28, nays 0; and, passed the House of Representatives on March 12, 1919, by a 3½ vote, yeas 110, nays 0.]

Approved March 13, 1919.
Became effective March 13, 1919.