UTSouthwestern Medical Center

Medical Device Recall Credit Audit

Internal Audit Report 21:06

September 07, 2021





I.	Executive Summary	3
	Background	3
	Scope and Objectives	4
	• Conclusion	4
II.	Detailed Observation and Action Plans Matrix	8
III.	Appendix	19
	 Appendix A – Risk Classifications and Definitions 	19

NOTE: In accordance with Government Code §552.139 Exception: Confidentiality of Government Information Related to Security or Infrastructure Issues for Computers, UT Southwestern Medical Center Office of Internal Audit Services is redacting a portion of this report (pages 5, 17 and 18) as it contains confidential information that relates to technology and is not subject to the disclosure requirements of the Texas Public Information Act.

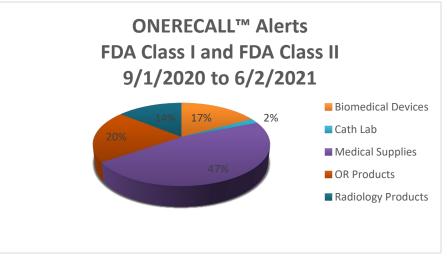


Background

Medical devices including instruments, apparatuses, machines, implants, or other similar or related articles are used to deliver excellent patient care. At times, the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA), US Department of Agriculture (USDA), a vendor, or a manufacturer can issue notifications related to recalled products which may have been identified as a potential risk to patients. The recalled products must be promptly

identified, and recommended actions taken to ensure patient safety and quality of care are not compromised.

The illustration provides a summary of the types of FDA Class I and Class II recalls during the 9-month period of September 2020 through June 2021. A Class I recall is defined as 'a situation in which there is a reasonable probability the use or exposure to a volatile product will cause serious adverse health consequences or death.' Class II recalls are 'situations in which use of, or exposure to, a volatile product may cause temporary or medically reversible adverse health consequences or where the probability of serious adverse health consequences is remote.' UT Southwestern Hospitals, Hospital-based clinics and Ambulatory clinics use OneRecall™, a web-based system, to track internal and external notification processes for medical device recalls and/or alerts along with their resolution.



The Purchasing Department, a division of Supply Chain Management, oversees the OneRecall™ system. OneRecall™ sends notifications to Coordinators as assigned by functional area. The Coordinators and Responders within each functional area, clinic, or department are responsible for:

- Taking required recall actions, isolate products, and identify if the device has been used with a patient
- Coordinating the return of recalled product on hand with Purchasing or directly with the vendor
- Documenting results in OneRecall™

Epic Optime is the system used to document devices implanted in patients. Hospital Accounting applies applicable credits related to medical device recalls in PeopleSoft when credits are received from vendors.



Scope and Objectives

The Office of Internal Audit Services has completed its Medical Device Recall Credit audit. This was a risk-based audit and part of the fiscal year (FY) 2021 Audit Plan. The audit scope period included medical device recall credit activities, specifically implants, from September 2020 through June 2021 at the Hospitals, Hospital-based clinics, and Ambulatory clinics. Overall objectives for the audit were to assess the adequacy and effectiveness of controls for management of medical device recall credits to ensure:

- Appropriate processes for notification, communication, and coordination of medical device recall related activities
- Effective processes for timely resolution of medical device recalls
- Adequate tracking and monitoring of vendor credits for medical device recalls
- Reliability of OneRecall™ and any other systems used in management of medical device recall credits

Audit procedures included interviews with stakeholders; review of policies, procedures, and other documentation; substantive testing; and data analytics. We conducted our examination according to guidelines set forth by the Institute of Internal Auditors' International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing.

Conclusion

Opportunities exist to strengthen operational processes and controls across Hospital, Hospital-based clinics, and Ambulatory clinics to identify and coordinate activities to ensure recalls affecting patients are addressed timely. Consistent processes and recall alert monitoring could help to ensure recalls are appropriately reviewed and resolved timely. Conducting periodic reviews of OneRecall™ Users & Facilities would help to ensure all appropriate people and facilities are being notified to address the recalls. There is a need for formal processes to be established for tracking and collecting credits due to University Hospital and Ambulatory clinics from vendors.

Included in the table below is a summary of the observations along with the respective disposition of these observations within the UT Southwestern internal audit risk definition and classification process. See Appendix A for Risk Rating Classifications and Definitions.



Key observations are listed below.

#1 Implement Institutional Wide Process for Reporting Recalls Affecting Patients – There is not an institutional process in place for Ambulatory and Hospital clinical areas to notify the Health System Patient team when recalled implants impact patients.



- #2 Enhance Medical Device Recall Monitoring to Ensure Alerts are Addressed Completely and Timely Medical device alerts are not consistently closed within five days from the assigned time as required by the hospital policy.
- #3 Develop a System to Track and Collect Credits from Vendors for Medical Device Recalls A formal process is not in place to track credits owed for products returned to vendors due to recalls. University Hospitals and Ambulatory clinics rely on vendors to send credit memos, if applicable, and for Accounting to post credits to the appropriate account.
- #4 In accordance with Government Code §552.139 Exception: Confidentiality of Government Information Related to Security or Infrastructure Issues for Computers, UT Southwestern Medical Center Office of Internal Audit Services is redacting this information as it contains confidential information that relates to technology and is not subject to the disclosure requirements of the Texas Public Information Act.

Management has provided responses with planned action items to address the observations identified in the report. The responses, along with additional details for the key observations listed above, are included in the Detailed Observations and Action Plans Matrix section of this report.

We would like to take the opportunity to thank the individuals included in this audit for the courtesies extended to us and for their cooperation during our review.

Sincerely,

Valla F. Wilson, Vice President and Chief Audit Executive, Office of Internal Audit Services

Audit Team:

Teresa Labbé, Staff Auditor Angeliki Marko, Supervisor Delaunda McCown, Senior Auditor



cc: Charles Cobb, Associate Vice President, Supply Chain Management

Priya Dandekar, Associate Vice President Surgical Services, Hospital Administration

William Daniel, M.D., Vice President & Chief Quality Officer, University Hospitals

Kathryn Flores, Assistant Vice President and Chief Information Officer, University Hospitals

Moné Greene, Manager, Purchasing

Beth Hall, Analyst II, Supply Chain Management

Shawn Holland, Director Sterile Procurement & Supply Chain, Surgical Services Administration

Hicham Ibrahim, M.D., Associate Vice President and Chief Medical Officer, Ambulatory Services

Anne Lai Howard, J.D., Director and Managing Attorney, Medical Risk Management, Legal Affairs

Kelly Kloeckler, Associate Vice President, Revenue Cycle Operations

Jodi Levy, Assistant Vice President, Academic and Administrative Information Resources

Ngoc (Emily Ly), Analyst I, Supply Chain Management

Martin Marshall, Director, Operational Logistics

Kevin McGuire, Controller, Financial Services, University Hospitals

Christopher McLarty, DNP, Associate Vice President and Chief Nursing Officers, Ambulatory Services

Donald McLaughlin, Assistant Vice President for Supply Services, Hospital Administration, University Hospitals

Mark Meyer, Chief Financial Officer, University Hospitals

Jessica Miller, Director, Ambulatory Clinical Initiatives

Robin Miller, Director, PeopleSoft Financial & Supply Chain, Academic and Administrative Information Resources

Adolfo Ortuzar, Director, Information Resources Operations and Compliance, Academic and Administrative Information Resources

Dennis Pfeifer, Assistant Vice President and Chief Technology Officer, Health System

Yinette Phan, Assistant Controller, Financial Services, University Hospitals

Russell Poole, Vice President & Chief Information Officer, Information Resources

Natalie Ramello, J.D., Vice President, Chief Compliance, Office of Institutional Compliance

Mark Rauschuber, Associate Vice President and Chief Information Officer, Health System

Chris Rubio, Associate Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, Hospital Administration, University Hospitals

Michael Serber, Vice President, Finance & Institutional Chief Financial Officer

Erin Sine, J.D., Vice President for Legal Affairs

Suzanne Sims, Director, Surgical Services Administration

Dennis Smith, Manager Patient Access Services, University Hospitals Patient Financial Services

Joshua Spencer, Associate Vice President and Chief Technology Officer

Paul Stodolka, Manager, Biomedical Devices

Amie Swindle, Director, Health System Patient Safety

Jarrod Tallman, Director, Purchasing, Supply Chain Management



Sherry Taylor, Business Analyst Lead, Information Resources Health Systems
LaTara Turner, Manager, Clinical Safety
Anju Varghese, Manager, Health System Patient Safety
Mary Lou Walker, Manager, Surgical Materials
John Warner, M.D., Executive Vice President, Health System Affairs
Michele Wingate, Associate Vice President, Finance Practice Plan, Medical Group Financial Affairs
Josh Youngblood, Director, Electronic Medical Records, Information Resources Health Systems



There is not a formal institutional process in place for Ambulatory and Hospital clinical areas to ensure the Health System Patient team is notified when there are recalled implants that may have an impact on patients. Additionally, the device lot number information necessary to identify potentially impacted patients is inconsistently entered in EPIC Optime. Currently, it is optional for clinical teams to record implant lot numbers in EPIC Optime, which could result in missed opportunity to identify patients impacted by recalls. Based on review of Optime reports, 11,386 of 28,367 (40%) implanted products did not have lot numbers recorded in the Epic patient record. Approximately 4,400 (16%) were screws which typically do not have lot numbers. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore. There have been no incidences where a patient fedore recalls which impact patients and require consultation with Medical Directors and patient providers. Seturate Arabieval And Hospital clinical teams to require consultation with Medical Directors and patient providers. Seducate and train employees across clinical and hospital areas on process to notify the Health System Patient Safety team of medical device recalls with patient growing recalled products/devices that reached a patient must be reported. Seducate and train employees across clinical and hospital areas on process to notify the Health System Patient Safety team of medical device recalls with patients and require consultation with Medical Directors and patient growing	Observation	Recommendation	Management Response
reduces the risk of patients who could be impacted by recalls not being identified, notified or proper measures not being taken in response to the recall. 5. Reeducate departments not to exchange or use products with affiliate organizations. 6. Oral Maxillofacial Surgery clinic organizations. 8. Seeducate departments not to exchange or use products with affiliate organizations. 9. Oral Maxillofacial Surgery clinic organizations. 9. Surgical Services	1. Implement Institutional Wide Process for Reporting Recalls Affecting Patients There is not a formal institutional process in place for Ambulatory and Hospital clinical areas to ensure the Health System Patient team is notified when there are recalled implants that may have an impact on patients. Additionally, the device lot number information necessary to identify potentially impacted patients is inconsistently entered in EPIC Optime. Currently, it is optional for clinical teams to record implant lot numbers in EPIC Optime, which could result in missed opportunity to identify patients impacted by recalls. Based on review of Optime reports, 11,386 of 28,367 (40%) implanted products did not have lot numbers recorded in the Epic patient record. Approximately 4,400 (16%) were screws which typically do not have lot numbers. There have been no incidences where a patient did not receive appropriate follow up or care. Having a formal process in place reduces the risk of patients who could be impacted by recalls not being identified, notified or proper measures not being taken in	events to reflect notifying the Health System Patient Safety team of medical device recalls which impact patients and require consultation with Medical Directors and patient providers. 2. Educate and train employees across clinical and hospital areas on process to notify the Health System Patient Safety team of medical device recalls with patient impact. 3. Consider requiring the entry of medical device lot numbers in EPIC Optime to identify recalled products. If device/lot number not available, provide set name or vendor ID via text option 4. Review the four identified patients and evaluate necessary actions in coordination with Medical Directors and patient providers. 5. Reeducate departments not to exchange or use products with affiliate	Health System Patient Safety team will add content to Patient Safety and Event Reporting – Hospital Policy (UHLD 05) and Event Reporting Policy (AMB 4.09) stating recalled products/devices that reached a patient must be reported as potential adverse events. Edits will be submitted to the Hospital and Ambulatory policy coordinators. Action Plan Owner: Manager, Health System Patient Safety Target Completion Dates: November 15, 2021 to make updates February 1, 2022 to get final approvals 2. Management Action Plan: Health System Patient Safety team will provide education and reminders to the following audiences: Urology clinic Oral Maxillofacial Surgery clinic



Observation	Recommendation	Management Response
Four patients had recalled implants and no further actions were taken. The implant for one of the patients was received in		Action Plan Owners: Manager, Health System Patient Safety
inventory from an affiliate organization and		Manager, Clinical Safety
was not recorded in PeopleSoft Purchasing records.		Target Completion Date:
r drondsing records.		December 31, 2021
		3. Management Action Plan:
		We will work with Operating Room leadership to assess the implications of requiring lot numbers to be entered in EPIC Optime. If the requirement is feasible, we will coordinate with IR to ensure the required field is updated in EPIC Optime. If device/lot number not available, provide set name or vendor ID via text option.
		Action Plan Owners:
		Manager, Surgical Materials
		Director, Surgical Services Administration
		Business Analyst Lead, IR Health Systems
		Target Completion Date:
		November 30, 2021



Observation	Recommendation		Management Response
		4.	Management Action Plan:
			Health System Patient Safety team opened event reports to determine whether the four identified patients impacted by recalls require notification based upon discussions with the associated clinical departments.
			Action Plan Owner:
			Manager, Clinical Safety
			Target Completion Date:
			Completed
		5.	Management Action Plan:
			We will provide refresher training to departments regarding the avoidance of exchanges and use of medical devices between affiliate organizations.
			Action Plan Owners:
			Manager, Surgical Materials
			Director, Surgical Services Administration
			Target Completion Date:
			November 1, 2021



Observation	Recommendation	Management Response
Risk Rating: Medium 2. Enhance Medical Device Recall Alert Monitoring to Ensure Alerts are Addressed Completely and Timely	 Consider requiring comments within OneRecall™ to notate details, such as quantities and lots removed. 	Management Action Plan: We will evaluate and update the Hospital and Ambulatory policies to include verbiage to recommend comment details when also include a supplier and let the property of the comment details.
Medical device alerts are not consistently closed within five days from the assigned time as required by the hospital policy. However, the timeline is not clear because of possible reassignments of Coordinators. As of June 2021, 694 (18.4%) alerts in OneRecall™ had been open from 30 days to six months. 259 of the open alerts were identified as urgent and 189 had probable Purchase Order matches within OneRecall™. Approximately 95% of the open alerts are related to Ambulatory clinics.	 Consider assessing alerts to determine criteria and risk factors for defining required timelines for closing alerts. Update the required timeframes for assigning and closing all OneRecall™ alert types. Provide refresher training on updated alert closing procedures in OneRecall™ for assigned Responders and Coordinators. 	closing alerts, such as quantities and lot numbers. Action Plan Owners: Assistant Vice President Supply Services, Hospital Administration, University Hospitals Director, Surgical Services Administration Director, Ambulatory Clinical Initiatives Director Purchasing, Supply Chain Management
Additionally, Ambulatory Clinical Operations do not currently have a formal policy and procedures in place to address medical device recalls. Without a formal policy in place, medical device recall alerts may not be addressed appropriately resulting in increased risk of inaccurate reporting to external agencies and patient care impact. Reasons for delays included:	 4. Update and approve Ambulatory Recall Response Policy (AMB 6.13) to reflect the updated process related to recalled products to include use of OneRecall™ and creating event reports when recalls with patient impact are identified. 5. Distribute policy across Ambulatory clinics and ensure training has occurred. 	Target Completion Dates: November 15, 2021 to initiate meetings as a group to discuss December 30, 2021 to update the Hospital and Ambulatory policies February 15, 2022 to approve updated Hospital and Ambulatory policies
 A procedure was not consistently followed to escalate open alerts. Employees assigned to the Coordinator role were not reviewing or closing alerts, because they did not know it was part of their role. 		2. Management Action Plan: We will evaluate the timelines and criteria for closing alerts within OneRecall™ based on the urgency and recall types. We will update the Hospital and Ambulatory policies to reflect the updated timelines.



Recommendation	Management Response
	Any updated information will be communicated to all users.
	Action Plan Owners:
	Assistant Vice President Supply Services, Hospital Administration, University Hospitals
	Director, Surgical Services Administration
	Director, Ambulatory Clinical Initiatives
	Director Purchasing, Supply Chain Management
	Target Completion Dates:
	November 15, 2021 to initiate meetings as a group to discuss
	December 30, 2021 to update the Hospital and Ambulatory policies
	February 15, 2022 to approve updated Hospital and Ambulatory policies
	3. Management Action Plan:
	We will update Hospital and Ambulatory policies to include refresher training for OneRecall™ users. We will communicate across the institution the updated timeframes to include the importance of addressing alerts, notifying or transferring to others as well as responsibilities for monitoring.
	Recommendation



Observation	Recommendation	Management Response
		Action Plan Owners:
		Assistant Vice President Supply Services, Hospital Administration, University Hospitals
		Director, Ambulatory Clinical Initiatives
		Director, Surgical Services Administration
		Director Purchasing, Supply Chain Management
		Target Completion Dates:
		November 15, 2021 to initiate meetings as a group to discuss
		December 30, 2021 to update the Hospital and Ambulatory policies
		February 15, 2022 to approve updated Hospital and Ambulatory policies
		4. Management Action Plan:
		Ambulatory Management will review and revise current policy to address the process and updates on how to handle recalled medical products.
		Action Plan Owner:
		Director, Ambulatory Clinical Initiatives
		Target Completion Dates:
		December 30, 2021 to update
		February 15, 2022 to approve



Observation	Recommendation	Management Response
		5. Management Action Plan: Once the policy has been finalized, Ambulatory Management will ensure policy has been communicated.
		Action Plan Owner:
		Director, Ambulatory Clinical Initiatives
		Target Completion Date:
		February 28, 2022





Observation	Recommendation	Management Response
		3. Management Action Plan: We will create a query to track RTVs.
		Accounting will periodically use the query to review expected credits. Action Plan Owners:
		Director PeopleSoft Financial & Supply Chain, IR-AAIR Administrative Systems
		Assistant Controller, Financial Services
		Target Completion Date:
		December 15, 2021



Observation	Recommendation	Management Response
4. In accordance with Government Code §552.139 Exception: Confidentiality of Government Information Related to Security or Infrastructure Issues for Computers, UT Southwestern Medical Center Office of Internal Audit Services is redacting this information as it contains confidential information that relates to technology and is not subject to the disclosure requirements of the Texas Public Information Act.	In accordance with Government Code §552.139 Exception: Confidentiality of Government Information Related to Security or Infrastructure Issues for Computers, UT Southwestern Medical Center Office of Internal Audit Services is redacting this information as it contains confidential information that relates to technology and is not subject to the disclosure requirements of the Texas Public Information Act.	In accordance with Government Code §552.139 Exception: Confidentiality of Government Information Related to Security or Infrastructure Issues for Computers, UT Southwestern Medical Center Office of Internal Audit Services is redacting this information as it contains confidential information that relates to technology and is not subject to the disclosure requirements of the Texas Public Information Act.



Observation	Recommendation	Management Response



Appendix A – Risk Classifications and Definitions

As you review each observation within the Detailed Observations and Action Plans Matrix of this report, please note that we have included a color-coded depiction as to the perceived degree of risk represented by each of the observations identified during our review. The following chart is intended to provide information with respect to the applicable definitions and terms utilized as part of our risk ranking process:

Risk Definition- The degree of risk that exists based upon the identified deficiency combined with the subsequent priority of action to be undertaken by management.	Degree of Risk and Priority of Action	
	Priority	An issue identified by Internal Audit that, if not addressed immediately, has a high probability to directly impact achievement of a strategic or important operational objective of a UT institution or the UT System as a whole.
	High	A finding identified by Internal Audit that is considered to have a high probability of adverse effects to the UT institution either as a whole or to a significant college/school/unit level. As such, immediate action is required by management in order to address the noted concern and reduce risks to the organization.
	Medium	A finding identified by Internal Audit that is considered to have a medium probability of adverse effects to the UT institution either as a whole or to a college/school/unit level. As such, action is needed by management in order to address the noted concern and reduce the risk to a more desirable level.
	Low	A finding identified by Internal Audit that is considered to have minimal probability of adverse effects to the UT institution either as a whole or to a college/school/unit level. As such, action should be taken by management to address the noted concern and reduce risks to the organization.

It is important to note that considerable professional judgment is required in determining the overall ratings presented on the above pages of this report. Accordingly, others could evaluate the results differently and draw different conclusions. It is also important to note that this report provides management with information about the condition of risks and internal controls at one point in time. Future changes in environmental factors and actions by personnel may significantly and adversely impact these risks and controls in ways that this report did not and cannot anticipate.